

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH) & 1272/2008 (CLP)

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier Product Name Product Code(s)
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified use(s)

Uses advised against

Telephone

1.4

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet** Company Identification Bufsol Reapair Cleaner-Flammable 816F

Cleaning of surfaces in the rubber fabrication and splicing industry Product is for professional use only None identified

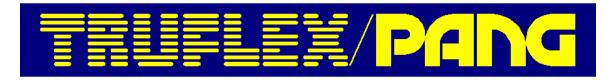
Tech Europe 15 Ballinderry Road Lisburn BT28 2SA UK +44 2892 665721 info@eurotyrerepair.com

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+44 2892 665721 (08.00 – 16.30 GMT) +1 703 527 3887 (Chemtrec – U.S. All other times)

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

2.1	Classification of the mixture	
2.1.1	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2, Asp.Tox.1, Aquatic Chronic 2, Skin Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3
2.1.2	Directive 67/548/EEC & Directive 1999/45/EC	F: Highly flammable Xi: Irritant Xn:Harmful R11: Highly flammable R22: Harmful if swallowed R42: May cause sensitisation by inhalation R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness
2.2 2.2.1	Label elements Label elements	According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)



Hazard Pictogram(s)



H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H302: Harmful if swallowed. H315: Causes skin irritation.

Signal word Hazard statement(s)

Precautionary statement(s)

2.2.2 Label elements Hazard Symbol

**Risk Phrases** 

Safety Phrases

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, hot surfaces - No smoking

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.

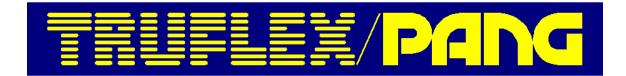
P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P403: Store in a well-ventilated place.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to: hazardous waste site According to Directive 67/548/EEC & Directive 1999/45/EC



RTT: Highly hammable
R22: Harmful if swallowed.
R38: Irritating to skin
R42: May cause sensitisation by inhalation.
R52/53: Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long term
adverse effects in the aquatic environment
R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed
R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness
S7/9 - Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.
S16 - Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. S23 - Do not breathe vapour
S36/37 - Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.
S45 - In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).
S60 - This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.



#### 2.3 Other hazards

2.4 Additional Information

None None

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

EC Classification No. 1272/2008

Hazardous ingredient(s)	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Hazard pictogram(s) and Hazard statement(s)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),light aliphatic	90 - 100	64742-89-8	265-192-2	05-2114107985-43	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Flam.Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE3, H336

#### EC Classification No. 67/548/EEC

Hazardous ingredient(s)	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration No.	EC Classificatio n and Risk Phrases
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),light aliphatic	90 - 100	64742-89-8	265-192-2	05-2114107985-43	F, Xn, Xi, N R11, R38, R51/53, R65, R67

#### 3.3 Additional Information

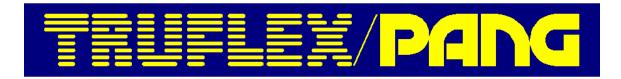
For full text of H/P phrases see section 16.

According to Note P in Regulation EC1272/2008 "The classification as a carcinogen or mutagen need not apply if it can be shown that the substance contains less than 0,1 % w/w benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7)."

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**



4.1	Description of first aid measures	
	Inhalation	Remove persons affected by vapour to fresh air.
		For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others.
		If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance.
		If breathing is irregular or has stopped, administer artificial respiration.
	Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin with water.
		Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	Eye Contact	If substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water until medical assistance is provided.
	Ingestion	If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.



- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
- 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, and other CNS effects. Numbness, muscle cramps, weakness and paralysis that may be delayed. Itching, pain, redness, and swelling of skin.

If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. Treat appropriately. This mixture may be associated with cardiac sensitization following very high exposures (well above occupational exposure limits) or with concurrent exposure to high stress levels or heart-stimulating substances like epinephrine. Administration of such substances should be avoided. Individuals with pre-existing neurological disease should avoid exposure.

#### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 Extinguishing Media Suitable Extinguishing Media

5.3

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media 5.2 Special hazards arising from the mixture

Advice for fire-fighters

Extinguish with dry chemical, foam, water spray, or carbon dioxide.

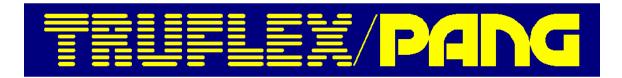
Straight streams of water

Highly Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes. In the event of fire the following can be released: carbon oxides; hydrocarbons; nitrogen oxides (NOx); sulphur oxides; hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid); and metal oxides Evacuate area. If a leak or a spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapours and to protect personnel attempting to stop a leak. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Avoid contact with spilled material. Wear suitable protective equipment. Refer to section 5 for fire-fighting; section 4 for first-aid advice; and section 8 for minimum requirements for personal protective equipment.
6.2	Environmental precautions	Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses.
6.3	Methods and material for containment and	Eliminate sources of ignition. Shut off leaks if without risk.
	cleaning up	Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material.
6.4	Reference to other sections	See 6.1
6.5	Additional Information	None

SECT	ION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE	
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Avoid contact with skin. Avoid breathing fumes. Avoid ingestion. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container tightly closed. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
7.2	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	



Storage Temperature Storage Pressure Incompatible materials **Specific end use(s)**  Ambient

Ambient Natural rubber; Butyl rubber; EPDM; Polystyrene Section 1.2 informs about identified end uses.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

7.3

8.1.1 Occupational Exposure Limits

SUBSTANCE.	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note:
n- Hexane	110-540-3	20	72	Not available	Not available	EH 40

#### 8.1.2 Biological limit value

Not established

#### 8.1.3 PNECs and DNELs

DNEL	Oral	Inhalation	Dermal
Industry - Long Term – Local effects	Not available	Not available	Not available
Industry - Long Term - Systemic effects	Not available	Not available	Not available
Industry - Short term - Local effects	Not available	Not available	Not available
Industry - Short term - Systemic effects	Not available	Not available	Not available
Professional - Long Term - Local effects	Not available	Not available	Not available
Professional - Long Term – Systemic effects	Not available	Not available	Not available
Professional - Short term - Local effects	Not available	Not available	Not available
Professional - Short term - Systemic effects	Not available	Not available	Not available
Consumer - Long Term - Local effects	Not available	Not available	Not available
Consumer - Long Term - Systemic effects	Not available	Not available	Not available
Consumer - Short term - Local effects	Not available	Not available	Not available
Consumer - Short term - Systemic effects	Not available	Not available	Not available

PNEC	
Aquatic Compartment	Not available
Terrestrial Compartment	Not available
Atmospheric Compartment	Not available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

8.2.2 Personal protection equipment Eye/face protection



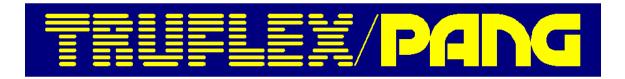
Skin protection (Hand protection/ Other)



The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider: Adequate ventilation so that exposure limits are not exceeded.

Wear chemical safety glasses with side shields, or splashproof goggles to CEN standard EN 166.

Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove-manufacturer data. Contact the glove manufacturer for glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. Chemical resistant gloves are



Respiratory protection



Specific hygiene measures

8.2.3 Environmental Exposure Controls

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance Colour Odour Odour Threshold (ppm) pH (Value) Melting Point (°C) / Freezing Point (°C) Boiling point/boiling range (°C): Flash Point (℃) Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Explosive limit ranges. Vapour Pressure (mm Hg) Vapour Density (Air=1) Density (g/ml) Solubility (Water) Solubility (Other) Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/water) Auto Ignition Temperature (°C) Decomposition Temperature (°C) Viscosity (mPa.s) Explosive properties Oxidising properties 9.2 Other information
- Liquid Clear Paraffinic No data available No data available No data available  $98.3 - 110^{\circ} \text{ C}$ -6.7<sup>°</sup>C (Closed cup) 3.2 (Butyl Acetate = 1) No data available 1 – 8 %(v) 14.7 kPa @ 20°C >1 0.734 @ 15.5°C <0.1 g/l Miscible with hydrocarbon solvents ca.4 350°C (ASTM E-659) No data available No data available No data available No data available None

recommended. If contact with forearms is likely, wear gauntlet –style gloves. Nitrile, CEN standards EN 420 and EN 374 provide general requirements and list of glove types.

health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements. Types of respirator to be considered for this mixture include: Half-face filter respirator; Type A filter material CEN standards EN136, EN140 and EN 405 provide respirator masks and EN 149

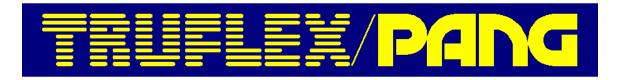
and EN 143 provide filter recommendations.

See sections 6,7,12,13

can not be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Wash thoroughly after handling. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker



#### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1 Reactivity
- 10.2 Chemical stability
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid
- 10.5 Incompatible materials
- 10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Product(s)

Stable under normal conditions of use Stable under normal conditions Not expected

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources Oxidising agents, acids

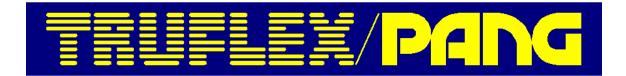
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes. In the event of fire the following can be released: carbon oxides; hydrocarbons; nitrogen oxides (NOx); sulphur oxides; hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid); and metal oxides

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1 11.1.2	Information on toxicological effects Mixtures	
	Acute toxicity	Oral toxicity: expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 2000mg/kg, Rat Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Dermal toxicity: expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 2000mg/kg, Rat Inhalation toxicity: expected to be of low toxicity: LC50 > 20mg/l/ 4 hours, Rat. High concentrations may cause CNS depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and/or death.
	Irritation	Skin irritation: causes skin irritation. Prolonged/repeated contact may cause de-fatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Eye irritation: expected to be non-irritating to eyes. Vapours may be irritating to the eyes. Insufficient to classify. Respiratory irritation: inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.
	Corrosivity	Moderately irritating to skin with prolonged exposure
	Sensitisation	May be a respiratory sensitiser
	Repeated dose toxicity	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated exposure affects the CNS.
	Carcinogenicity	No evidence.
	Mutagenicity	No evidence.
	Toxicity for reproduction	No toxicity to reproduction.
11.2	Other information	Exposure to very high concentrations of similar materials has been associated with irregular heart rhythms and cardiac arrest.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1	Toxicity	No data is available on the mixture itself. The product contains the following substances which are hazardous for the environment: Proprietary and solvent naptha (petroleum) light aliphatic. The acute toxicity of Proprietary is (IUCLID): Toxicity to fish - LC50/96h/rainbow trout = 520 mg/L
		Toxicity to daphnia - EC50/48h/daphnia = 0.74 mg/L



12.2 Persistence and degradability

- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
- 12.4 Mobility in soil
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- 12.6 Other adverse effects

The acute toxicity of Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic is (IUCLID): Toxicity to algae - EC50/72h/algae = 4700 mg/L The mixture itself has not been tested The mixture itself has not been tested The mixture itself has not been tested The mixture does not contain a substance that is a PBT or a vPvB None

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Empty containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapour) and can be dangerous. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or disposal. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. None

#### 13.2 Additional Information

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

14.1 Land transport (ADR/RID) UN number Proper Shipping Name

> Transport hazard class(es) Packing Group Hazard label(s)

Environmental hazards Special precautions for user

Additional information

#### 14.2 Sea transport (IMDG) UN number

Proper Shipping Name

Transport hazard class(es) Packing Group Marine Pollutant UN 1268

Petroleum Distillate, N.O.S. (solvent naptha (petroleum) light aliphatic) 3



#### Yes

F1 – flammable liquids having a flash point of or below  $61^{\circ}C$ Hazard identification number: 33 – highly flammable liquid (flash point below  $23^{\circ}C$ )

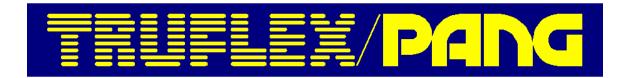
May be shipped as a Limited Quantity when transported in containers no larger than 5.0 L, in combination packaging no larger than 30 kg gross mass. May be shipped as a Limited Quantity when transported in containers no larger than 1.0 L, in shrink-wrapped or stretch-wrapped trays no larger than 20 kg gross mass.

UN 1268 Petroleum Distillate, N.O.S. (solvent naptha (petroleum) light aliphatic) 3

ll Yes

Pang Bufsoil Repair Cleaner-Flammable

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Special precautions for user

Additional information

14.3 Air transport (ICAO/IATA) UN number Proper Shipping Name

> Transport hazard class(es) Packing Group Environmental hazards Special precautions for user

Additional information

14.4 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

F1 – flammable liquids having a flash point of or below 61°C Hazard identification number: 33 – highly flammable liquid (flash point below 23°C May be shipped as Limited Quantity when transported in containers no larger than 5.0 Litres; in packages not exceeding 30 kg gross mass.

#### UN 1268 Petroleum Distillate, N.O.S. (solvent naptha (petroleum) light aliphatic)

3 II

Yes

F1 – flammable liquids having a flash point of or below 61°C Hazard identification number: 33 – highly flammable liquid (flash point below 23°C Refer to the appropriate Packing Instruction, prior to shipping this material. Review all national and operator Variations, prior to shipping this material.

Not available

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

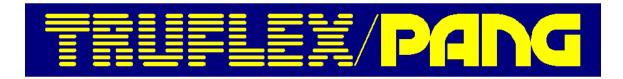
15.1	Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture substance or mixture	1907/2006 – REACH 1272/2008 – CLP 67/548/EEC –DSD 199/45/EC - DPD 2004/42/CE – Limitations on emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in vehicle refinishing products
15.1.1	EU regulations	
	Authorisations and/or restrictions on use	Refer to EU regulation for details of any actions or restrictions by the above regulations or directives
15.1.2	National regulations	Refer to national regulation for details of any actions or restrictions by the above regulations or directives
15.2	Chemical Safety Assessment	A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out for this mixture

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 1-16. LEGEND

LTELLong Term Exposure LimitSTELShort Term Exposure LimitSTOTSpecific Target Organ ToxicityDNELDerived No Effect LevelPNECPredicted No Effect ConcentrationPBTPersistent bioaccumulative toxicvPvBVery persistent very bioaccumulative

**References:** Sources of information used in preparing this SDS included one or more of the following: results from in-house or supplier toxicology studies; publications from trade associations; ECHA publications; EU guidelines and other sources as appropriate



#### **Risk Phrases and Safety Phrases**

R11: Highly flammable

R22: Harmful if swallowed.

R38: May cause sentitisation by skin contact

R42: May cause sensitization by inhalation.

R43: May cause sentitisation by skin contact

R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness

S7/9: Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.

S16: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S36/37: Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S45: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

S60: This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

S63: In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest.

#### Hazard statement(s) and Precautionary statement(s)

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H413: May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, hot surfaces - No smoking

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.

P301 + P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

P403 + P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous waste site

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